Raft - Wikipedia Page 1 of 4

# Raft

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

A **raft** is any flat structure for support or transportation over water.<sup>[1]</sup> It is the most basic of boat design, characterized by the absence of a hull. Although there are cross-over boat types that blur this definition, rafts are usually kept afloat by using any combination of buoyant materials such as wood, sealed barrels, or inflated air chambers (such as pontoons), and are typically not propelled by an engine.

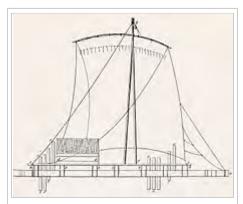
#### **Contents**

- 1 Human-made rafts
- 2 Natural rafts
- 3 Image gallery
- 4 See also
- 5 References
- 6 External links



Traditional raft, from 1884 edition of *Adventures of Huckleberry Finn*.

## **Human-made rafts**



Sketch by F.E. Paris (1841) showing construction of a native Peruvian balsa raft

Traditional or primitive rafts are constructed of wood or reeds. Modern rafts may also use pontoons, drums, or extruded polystyrene blocks. Inflatable rafts use durable, multi-layered rubberized fabrics. Depending on its use and size, it may have a superstructure, masts, or rudders. Timber rafting is used by the logging industry for the transportation of logs, by tying them together into rafts and drifting or pulling them down a river. This method was very common up until the middle of the 20th century but is now used only rarely.

Large rafts made of balsa logs and using sails for navigation were important in maritime trade on the Pacific Ocean coast of South America from pre-Colombian times until the 19th century. Voyages were made to locations as far away as Mexico, and many trans-Pacific voyages using replicas of ancient rafts have

been undertaken to demonstrate possible contacts between South America and Polynesia. [2]

The type of raft used for recreational rafting is almost exclusively an inflatable boat, manufactured of flexible materials for use on whitewater.

Raft - Wikipedia Page 2 of 4

### **Natural rafts**

In biology, particularly in island biogeography, non-manmade rafts are an important concept. Such rafts consist of matted clumps of vegetation that has been swept off the dry land by a storm, tsunami, tide, earthquake or similar event; in modern times they sometimes also incorporate other kinds of flotsam and jetsam, e.g. plastic containers. They stay afloat by its natural buoyancy and can travel for hundreds, even thousands of miles and ultimately are destroyed by wave action and decomposition, or make landfall.

Rafting events are important means of oceanic dispersal for nonflying animals. For small mammals, amphibians and reptiles in particular, but for many invertebrates as well, such rafts of



Lumber rafts on the Peter I Canal. Early 20th century picture by S. Prokudin-Gorsky

vegetation are often the only means by which they could reach and – if they are lucky – colonize oceanic islands before human-built vehicles provided another mode of transport .

# Image gallery



Three Arks for a log drive on Pine Creek, in Lycoming or Tioga County, Pennsylvania, USA. The left ark was for cooking and dining, the middle ark was the sleeping quarters and the right ark was for the horses. The arks were built for just one log drive and then sold for their lumber. The line of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway can be seen on the eastern shore: the mountainside behind it is nearly bare of trees from clearcutting.



Children successfully test their raft, in Brixham Harbour, South Devon, England. The raft is made from wooden poles, rope and blue barrels.



Raft carrying visitors to Tom Sawyer Island at Disneyland, about 1960.

Raft - Wikipedia Page 3 of 4



Rafting on the Dunajec River at Pieniny, about 2005-2010.



A modern steamboat and primitive rafts in the Chilean port of Huasco in the 1850s

#### See also

- Great Raft
- Kon-Tiki
- L'Égaré II
- La Balsa and Las Balsas
- Lifeboat
- Pre-Columbian rafts

- Pumice raft
- *The Raft of the Medusa*
- Supertramp
- Thor Heyerdahl
- Poon Lim

### References

- 1. G. & C. Merriam Co., Websters New Collegiate Dictionary, 1976, ISBN 0-87779-339-5
- 2. Smith, Cameron M. and Haslett, John F. (1999), "Construction and Sailing Characteristics of a Pre-Columbian Raft Replica," *Bulletin of Primitive Technology*, pp. 13-18

### **External links**

- World of Boats (EISCA) Collection ~ Australian Reed Raft (http://www.worldofboats.org/boats/view/98/19/raft)
- World of Boats (EISCA) Collection ~ Brazilian Jangada (http://www.worldofboats.org/boats/view/92/9/raft)
- Homemade Raft Plans and Photos of Rafts



Look up *raft* in Wiktionary, the free dictionary.



Wikimedia Commons has media related to *Rafts*.

(http://www.captainfletch.com/projects/boats/barellraft/barrelraft.asp)

Neutrino Raft - vessels made from scrap (http://www.floatingneutrinos.com/)

Raft - Wikipedia Page 4 of 4

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Raft&oldid=746974555"

Categories: Boat types | Rafts | Timber rafting

• This page was last modified on 30 October 2016, at 18:28.

■ Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.